SAFETY DATA SHEET



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Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: CITGO CITGARD® 800 Synthetic Blend Heavy Duty Engine Oil, SAE 10W-30
Synonyms	: Heavy duty motor oil
Material uses	: Heavy Duty Engine Oil
Code	: 632019001

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Not applicable.

Supplier's details	: CITGO Petroleum Corporation P.O. Box 4689 Houston, TX 77210 sdsvend@citgo.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Technical Contact: (800) 248-4684 Medical Emergency: (832) 486-4700 CHEMTREC Emergency: (800) 424-9300 (United States Only)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.
Classification of the substance or mixture	: Not classified.
GHS label elements	
Signal word	: No signal word.
Hazard statements	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Keep out of reach of children.
Prevention	: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
Response	: Wash with plenty of soap and water or use a recognized skin cleanser.
Storage	: Store in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. Store in a dry place and a closed container. Empty containers may contain material residues which can ignite with explosive force. Misuse of empty containers can be dangerous if used to store toxic, flammable, or reactive materials. Cutting or welding of empty containers can cause fire, explosion, or release of toxic fumes from residues. Do not pressurize or expose empty containers to open flame, sparks, or heat. Keep container closed and drum bungs in place. All label warnings and precautions must be observed. Return empty drums to a qualified reconditioner. Consult appropriate federal, state and local authorities before reusing, reconditioning, reclaiming, recycling, or disposing of empty containers and/or waste residues of this material.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Heavy duty motor oil

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	≥75 - ≤90	64742-54-7
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	≤10	72623-87-1
reaction mass of isomers of: C7-9-alkyl 3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)	≤3	125643-61-0
propionate		
Alkaryl amine	Proprietary	-
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	≤3	64742-65-0
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	≤3	64742-56-9

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to process variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	 Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	 Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effect	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Serious effects may be delayed following exposure. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	i <u>ms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate media	al attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Specific treatments Protection of first-aiders : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

ders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures			
Extinguishing media			
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.		
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	 Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. 		
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.		

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures					
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.			
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".			
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).			
Methods and materials for co	nta	ainment and cleaning up			
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.			
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.			

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	g
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
	Bulk Storage Conditions: Maintain all storage tanks in accordance with applicable regulations. Use necessary controls to monitor tank inventories. Inspect all storage tanks on a periodic basis. Test tanks and associated piping for tightness. Maintain the automatic leak detection devices to assure proper working condition.
Section 8 Exposu	re controls/nersonal protection

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	 ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 5 mg/m OSHA PEL (United States). TWA: 5 mg/m ³
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	 ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist

Appropriate engineering controls

: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, vapor controls, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	res
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety glasses equipped with side shields are recommended as minimum protection in industrial settings. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Avoid skin contact with liquid. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Leather boots are not protective for liquid contact.
Respiratory protection	: Avoid inhalation of gases, vapors, mists or dusts. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied-air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state	1	Liquid.				
Color	: Amber to dark amber					
Odor	: Not available.					
рН	:	: Not available.				
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.					
Flash point Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits		 Open cup: 207°C (404.6°F) [Cleveland] Not available. 				
Vapor pressure	1		Vapor Pressure at 20°C			
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	

			-						
	Ingredie	Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 10/11/2022	Date of p	revious iss	ue	: 8/30/2022		Version	:6	5/1

Vapor pressure at 50°C

CITGO CITGARD® 800 Synthetic Ble	nd Heavy Duty Engine Oil, SAE	10W-30					
	vinyl acetate	84.76	11.3				
	benzene	75.01	10				
	toluene	23.17	3.1				
	Butene, homopolymer (products derived from either/or But-1-ene/But- 2-ene)	5.1	0.68		13.05	1.7	
	maleic anhydride	0.25	0.033				
	ethanediol	0.09	0.012				
	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	<0.08	<0.011	ASTM D 5191			
	Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil- based	<0.08	<0.011	ASTM D 5191			
	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	<0.08	<0.011	ASTM D 5191			
	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	<0.08	<0.011	ASTM D 5191			
	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	<0.08	<0.011	ASTM D 5191			
	Alkaryl amine	<0.01	<0.0013	EU A.4	0	0	EU A.4
	pentaerythritol tetrakis(3- (3,5-di-tert-butyl- 4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate)	0	0				
Relative vapor density	: Not available.			•			
Relative density	: 0.87						
Density Ibs/gal	: Estimated 7.25 lbs/g	al					
Density gm/cm ³	: Not available.						
Gravity, °API	: Estimated 31 @ 60 I	=					
Auto-ignition temperature	 Lowest known value: 365°C (689°F) (reaction mass of isomers of: C7-9-alkyl 3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate). 						
/iscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104	4°F)): 86	5 mm²/s (8	6 cSt)			
/iscosity SUS	: Estimated 398 SUS						
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.						
article characteristics							
	Not applicable						
Median particle size	: Not applicable.						
Median particle size Section 10. Stabili		tv					

	under US GHS Definition(s).
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

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Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
F	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic: Mineral oil mists derived from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects. Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic: Mineral oil mists derived from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects. Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic: Mineral oil mists derived from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects. In long term studies (up to two years) no carcinogenic effects have been reported in any animal species tested.

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Skin	: No additional information.	
Eyes	: No additional information.	
Respiratory	: No additional information.	
Sensitization		
Not available.		
Skin	: No additional information.	
Respiratory	: No additional information.	
Mutagenicity		
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	: No additional information.	

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 10/11/2022

Section 11. Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary <u>Reproductive toxicity</u> Not available.	: No additional information.
Conclusion/Summary <u>Teratogenicity</u> Not available.	: No additional information.

Conclusion/Summary : No additional information.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely	Not oveilebl	_			
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available	ð.			
Potential acute health effects	<u>5</u>				
Eye contact	: No known si	gnificant effects or critica	hazards.		
Inhalation		cts may be delayed follow ly cause a health hazard.	ving exposure. Expo	osure to decomposition	
Skin contact	: No known si	gnificant effects or critica	hazards.		
Ingestion	: No known si	gnificant effects or critica	hazards.		
Symptoms related to the phy	<u>/sical, chemical</u>	and toxicological chara	acteristics		
Eye contact	: No specific of	data.			
Inhalation	: No specific of	data.			
Skin contact	: No specific of	data.			
Ingestion	: No specific of	data.			
Delayed and immediate effect	ts and also chr	onic effects from short	and long term expo	osure	
Short term exposure					
Potential immediate effects	: Not available	9.			
Potential delayed effects	: Not available	Э.			
Long term exposure					
Potential immediate effects	: Not available	Э.			
Potential delayed effects	: Not available	Э.			
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>				
Not available.					
General	: No known si	gnificant effects or critica	hazards.		
Carcinogenicity	: No known si	gnificant effects or critica	hazards.		
Mutagenicity	: No known si	gnificant effects or critica	hazards.		
Teratogenicity	: No known si	gnificant effects or critica	hazards.		
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)		(vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
CITGO CITGARD® 800 Synthetic Blend Heavy Duty Engine Oil, SAE 10W-30	N/A	214362.3	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
reaction mass of isomers of: C7-9-alkyl 3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl- 4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate	9.2	260	low
Alkaryl amine	3.64 to 7.02	1730	high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition: Not available.coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Oil: The product(s) represented by this SDS is (are) regulated as "oil" under 49 CFR Part 130. Shipments by rail or highway in packaging having a capacity of 3500 gallons or more or in a quantity greater 42,000 gallons are subject to these requirements. In addition, mixtures containing 10% or more of this product may be subject to these requirements.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	:	United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
		Clean Water Act (CWA) 307 : Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(sec-Bu and isooctyl) esters, zinc salts; Nickel; Cadmium (Non-pyrophoric); lead powder; toluene; benzene
		Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: maleic anhydride; vinyl acetate; toluene; benzene
		This material is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA). Discharges or spills which produce a visible sheen on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines, or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the EPA's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

				SARA 30	02 TPQ	SARA 30	04 RQ
Name		%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
vinyl acetate		<0.0001	Yes.	1000	129	5000	644.8
SARA 304 RQ	: 8038585	209 lbs / 36495	517684.9 kg	[1108161	581.2 gal / 4194	4847913.7	 L]
SARA 311/312							
Classification	: Not appli	cable.					
Composition/informa	ation on ingredien	<u>ts</u>					

Section 15. Regulatory information

Name	%	Classification
Distillates (petroleum), solvent- dewaxed light paraffinic	≤3	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

State regulations

Massachusetts	: None of the components are listed.
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	: None of the components are listed.
Pennsylvania	: None of the components are listed.

California Prop. 65 Clear and Reasonable Warnings (2018)

MARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Nickel, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and cadmium, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	%	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Nickel Cadmium (Non- pyrophoric)	<0.0001 trace	Yes. Yes.	No. Yes.	- Yes.	- Yes.
lead powder toluene benzene ethanediol	trace trace trace trace	Yes. No. Yes. No.	Yes. Yes. Yes. Yes.	Yes. - Yes. -	Yes. Yes. Yes. Yes.

International regulations

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

Inventory list

United States	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Australia	1	All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	:	All components are listed or exempted.
China	:	Not determined.
Europe	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	:	Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia	:	Not determined
New Zealand	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	:	Not determined.
Republic of Korea	1	Not determined.
Taiwan	1	Not determined.
Thailand	1	Not determined.
Turkey	:	Not determined.
Viet Nam	1	Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification
Not classified.		
History		
Date of printing	: 10/11/2022	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 10/11/2022	
Date of previous issue	: 8/30/2022	
Version	: 6	
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification a IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coeff MARPOL = International Convention for the Preventior as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine UN = United Nations	icient of Pollution From Ships, 1973
References	: Not available.	

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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