# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



GHS product identifier	: CITGO HyDurance® AW NZ FLUID 68
Synonyms	: Hydraulic Oil
Material uses	: Hydraulic
Code	: 633617001

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Not applicable.

Supplier's details	CITGO Petroleum Corporation P.O. Box 4689 Houston, TX 77210 sdsvend@citgo.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	Technical Contact: (800) 248-4684 Medical Emergency: (832) 486-4700 CHEMTREC Emergency: (800) 424-9300 (United States Only)

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: Not classified.

GHS label elements	
Signal word	No signal word.
Hazard statements	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Precautionary statements	
General	Keep out of reach of children.
Prevention	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
Response	Wash with plenty of soap and water or use a recognized skin cleanser.
Storage	Store in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. Store in a dry place and a closed container. Empty containers may contain material residues which can ignite with explosive force. Misuse of empty containers can be dangerous if used to store toxic, flammable, or reactive materials. Cutting or welding of empty containers can cause fire, explosion, or release of toxic fumes from residues. Do not pressurize or expose empty containers to open flame, sparks, or heat. Keep container closed and drum bungs in place. All label warnings and precautions must be observed. Return empty drums to a qualified reconditioner. Consult appropriate federal, state and local authorities before reusing, reconditioning, reclaiming, recycling, or disposing of empty containers and/or waste residues of this material.
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	Injection of pressurized hydrocarbons can cause severe permanent tissue damage. Initial symptoms may be minor. Injection of petroleum hydrocarbons requires immediate medical attention.



# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Hydraulic Oil

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	≥90	64742-54-7

\* = Various \*\* = Mixture \*\*\* = Proprietary

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to process variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

# Description of necessary first aid measures Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/e	effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	<u>ots</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Injection of pressurized hydrocarbons can cause severe permanent tissue damage. Initial symptoms may be minor.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In the event of injection in underlying tissue, immediate treatment should include extensive incision, debridement and saline irrigation. Inadequate treatment can result in ischemia and gangrene. Early symptoms may be minimal.
Specific treatments	: Treat symptomatically and supportively.
Drotaction of first siders	. No action shall be taken involving any personal rick or without suitable training

#### **Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/14/2022	Date of previous issue	: 3/21/2022	Version : 8	2/11
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# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
	Bulk Storage Conditions: Maintain all storage tanks in accordance with applicable regulations. Use necessary controls to monitor tank inventories. Inspect all storage tanks on a periodic basis. Test tanks and associated piping for tightness. Maintain the automatic leak detection devices to assure proper working condition.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	=	-			
Control parameters					
Occupational exposure lin	<u>mits</u>				
Distillates (petroleum), hyd	rotreated heavy paraffinic	<ul> <li>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction</li> <li>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Mist</li> </ul>			
Appropriate engineering controls	: Good general ventilation sho contaminants.	uld be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne			
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requirer cases, vapor controls, filters	missions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure ey comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some uses, vapor controls, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.			
Individual protection meas	ures				
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using th Appropriate techniques shou Wash contaminated clothing	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.			
Eye/face protection	industrial settings. If contact the assessment indicates a h Safety eyewear complying wi assessment indicates this is	n side shields are recommended as minimum protection in is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. ith an approved standard should be used when a risk necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required			
Skin protection					
Hand protection		mplying with an approved standard should be worn at all al products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.			
Body protection		nt for the body should be selected based on the task being lved and should be approved by a specialist before			
Other skin protection	measures should be selected	. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection d based on the task being performed and the risks involved a specialist before handling this product. Leather boots are ct.			

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Respiratory protection
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: Avoid inhalation of gases, vapors, mists or dusts. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied-air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Appearance**

Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Light amber
Odor	: Mild petroleum odor
рН	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Open cup: 236°C (48
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.

Vapor pressure

	Vapo	r Pressu	re at 20°C	Vapor pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
ethyl acrylate	30	4				
ethylbenzene	9.3	1.2				
xylene	6.7	0.89				
mesitylene	2.4	0.32				
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	2.25	0.3				
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	1.35	0.18				
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	0.75 to 2.25	0.1 to 0.3				
2-ethylhexyl acrylate	0.18	0.024				
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	<0.08	<0.011	ASTM D 5191			
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	<0.08	<0.011	ASTM D 5191			
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	<0.08	<0.011	ASTM D 5191			
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	<0.08	<0.011	ASTM D 5191			
Alkaryl amine	<0.01	<0.0013	EU A.4	0	0	EU A.4
Benzenamine, N-phenyl- , reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	<0.01	<0.0013	EU A.4			
4,4'-methylene bis (dibutyldithiocarbamate)	0	0				
>1 [Air = 1] ).87 Estimated 7.25 lbs/ga	al					
Not available.						

p: 236°C (456.8°F) [Cleveland]

**Relative vapor density** 

**Relative density Density lbs/gal** Density gm/cm<sup>3</sup>

CITGO HyDurance® AW NZ FLUID 68				
Gravity, °API	: Estimated 31 @ 60 F			
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.			
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 68 mm²/s (68 cSt)			
Viscosity SUS	: Estimated 315 SUS @104 F			
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.			
Particle characteristics				
Median particle size	: Not applicable.			

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

: Not expected to be Explosive, Self-Reactive, Self-Heating, or an Organic Peroxide under US GHS Definition(s).
: The product is stable.
: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
: No specific data.
: No specific data.
: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
<i>y</i>	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Distillates (petroleum), hy highly refined oils are repor Effects from single and sho oil mists well above applica reaction, lipoid granuloma f studies involving exposures current work place exposure	ted to have low acu ort-term repeated ex- ble workplace expo formation and lipoid s to lower concentra	te and sub-acute tox posures to high con- sure levels include lu pneumonia. In acut tions of mineral oil n	cicities in animals. centrations of mineral ung inflammatory a and sub-acute nists at or near
Irritation/Corrosion				
Not available.				
Skin	: No additional information.			
Eyes	: No additional information.			
Respiratory	: No additional information.			
<u>Sensitization</u>				
Not available.				
Skin	: No additional information.			
Respiratory	: No additional information.			
<u>Mutagenicity</u>				
Not available.				
Conclusion/Summary	: No additional information.			
Carcinogenicity				
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/14/2022 Date of previou	is issue : 3/21/2	2022 Ve	rsion : 8 6/1

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary Reproductive toxicity Not available.	: No additional information.
Conclusion/Summary <u>Teratogenicity</u> Not available.	: No additional information.
Conclusion/Summary	: No additional information.
Specific target organ toxicit Not available.	<u>ty (single exposure)</u>
Specific target organ toxicit Not available.	ty (repeated exposure)
Aspiration hazard Not available.	
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effects	<u>S</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Injection of pressurized hydrocarbons can cause severe permanent tissue damage. Initial symptoms may be minor.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	No specific data.
Skin contact	No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure Potential immediate effects	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure : Not available.
Short term exposure Potential immediate	
Short term exposure Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate	<ul><li>Not available.</li><li>Not available.</li></ul>
Short term exposurePotential immediateeffectsPotential delayed effectsLong term exposurePotential immediateeffectsPotential delayed effectsPotential delayed effectsPotential chronic health effects	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>
Short term exposurePotential immediateeffectsPotential delayed effectsLong term exposurePotential immediateeffectsPotential delayed effectsPotential delayed effects	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>
Short term exposurePotential immediateeffectsPotential delayed effectsLong term exposurePotential immediateeffectsPotential delayed effectsPotential delayed effectsPotential chronic health effects	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>
Short term exposurePotential immediateeffectsPotential delayed effectsLong term exposurePotential immediateeffectsPotential delayed effectsPotential delayed effectsPotential chronic health effectsNot available.	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>
Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health effe Not available. General	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>ects</li> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> </ul>
Short term exposure         Potential immediate         effects         Potential delayed effects         Long term exposure         Potential immediate         effects         Potential delayed effects         Potential delayed effects         Potential delayed effects         Potential chronic health effects         Not available.         General         Carcinogenicity	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>ects</li> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> </ul>
Short term exposure         Potential immediate         effects         Potential delayed effects         Long term exposure         Potential immediate         effects         Potential delayed effects         Potential delayed effects         Potential delayed effects         Potential delayed effects         Potential chronic health effects         Not available.         General         Carcinogenicity         Mutagenicity	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>ects</li> </ul>



# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

# Toxicity Not available. Conclusion/Summary : Not available. Persistence and degradability Conclusion/Summary : Not available. Bioaccumulative potential Not available. Mobility in soil Soil/water partition : Not available. Coefficient (Koc) : Not available.

#### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

# Section 14. Transport information

**Oil:** The product(s) represented by this SDS is (are) regulated as "oil" under 49 CFR Part 130. Shipments by rail or highway in packaging having a capacity of 3500 gallons or more or in a quantity greater 42,000 gallons are subject to these requirements. In addition, mixtures containing 10% or more of this product may be subject to these requirements.

Special precautions for user	1	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are
		upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	<ul> <li>United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.</li> <li>Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: ethylbenzene</li> <li>Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: hydrogen sulphide; xylene; ethylbenzene</li> </ul>
	This material is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA). Discharges or spills which produce a visible sheen on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines, or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the EPA's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.
SARA 302/304	
Composition/information	on ingredients
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.
SARA 311/312	
Classification	: HNOC - Injection Hazards
Composition/information	on ingredients
No products were found.	
State regulations	
Massachusetts	: None of the components are listed.
New York	: None of the components are listed.

New Jersey	: None of the components are listed.
Pennsylvania	: None of the components are listed.

#### California Prop. 65 Clear and Reasonable Warnings (2018)

**WARNING**: This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylbenzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	%	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
ethylbenzene ethyl acrylate	<0.001 <0.001		No. No.	Yes. -	-

International regulations

Rotterdam Convention o	n Prior Informed	<b>Consent (PIC</b>	:)

Not listed.

#### **Inventory list**

**United States** 

: All components are listed or exempted.

Date of issue/Date of revision         : 9/14/2022         Date of previous issue         : 3/21/2022         Version         : 8	9/11
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# Section 15. Regulatory information

)	
Australia	: Not determined.
Canada	: At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.
China	: Not determined.
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	: Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined
New Zealand	: Not determined.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: Not determined.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

# Section 16. Other information

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification				Justification		
Not classified.						
History						
Date of printing	: 9/14/202	2				
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/14/2022					
Date of previous issue	: 3/21/202	: 3/21/2022				
Version	: 8					
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations</li> </ul>					
References	: Not avail	able.				
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/14/2022	Date of previous issue	: 3/21/2022	Version : 8 10/		

# Section 16. Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

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