

Safety Data Sheet

Quatrashield 15w40 Syn Blend

Section 1. Identification

15w40 Syn Blend Product Identifier:

Other Identification: 15w40 Syn Blend

Synonyms: Heavy Duty Diesel Engine Oil

Suppliers Details: Jack Rich Inc.

> Perform Rich 617 Altamont Blvd. Frackville, PA 17931 570-622-3000

CHEMTREC United States 24 hr. Emergency

(800) 424-9300 **Telephone Number:** Medical Emergency (832) 486-4700

Section 2. Hazard Identification

While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29CFR OSHA/HCS Status:

1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product.

This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.

Classified Hazards: Not Classified.

Label Elements

Signal Word: Warning

Hazard Statement: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Precautionary **Statements**

General: Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Response: Wash with plenty of soap and water or use a recognized skin cleanser.

Storage: Store in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. Store in a dry place and a

closed container. Empty containers may contain material residues which can ignite with explosive force. Misuse of empty containers can be dangerous if used to store toxic, flammable, or reactive materials. Cutting or welding of empty containers can cause fire, explosion, or release of toxic fumes from residues. Do not pressurize or expose empty containers to open flame, sparks, or heat. Keep container closed and drum bungs in place. All label warnings and precautions must be observed. Return empty drums to a qualified reconditioner. Consult appropriate federal, state and local authorities before reusing, reconditioning, reclaiming, recycling, or disposing

of empty containers and/or waste residues of this material.

Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international

regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

classified: None known.

Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Substance	CASRN	%*
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy		
paraffinic	VARIOUS	<85

^{*}All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

Section 4. First Aid Measures

Eve Contact: If irritation or redness develops from exporsure, flush eyes with clean water. If symptoms persist,

seek medical attention.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated shoes and clothing and cleanse affected area(s) thoroughly by washing with

mild soap and water or a waterless hand cleaner. If irritation or redness develops and persists, seek

medical attention.

Inhalation: First aid is not normally required. If breathing difficulties develop, move victim away from source of exposure

and into fresh air in a position comfortable for breathing. Seek immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: First aid is not normally required; however, if swallowed and symptoms develop, seek medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Inhalation of oil mists or vapors generated at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation. Accidental ingestion can result in minor irritation of the digestive tract, nausea and diarrhea. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Notes to Physician: Acute aspirations of large amounts of oil-laden material may produce a serious aspiration pneumonia. Patients who aspirate these oils should be followed for the development of long-term sequelae. Inhalation exposure to oil mists below current workplace exposure limits is unlikely to cause pulmonary abnormalities.

Section 5. Firefighting Measures

NFPA 704: National Fire Protection Association

Health: 0 Flammability: Instability: 0



0= minimal hazard

1= slight hazard

2= moderate hazard

3= severe hazard

4= extreme hazard

Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foam, or water spray is recommended. Water or foam may cause frothing of materials heated above 212°F / 100°C. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards: This material may burn, but will not ignite readily. If container is not properly cooled, it can rupture in the heat of a fire.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Combustion may yield smoke, carbon monoxide, and other products of incomplete combustion. Oxides of sulfur, nitrogen or phosphorus may also be formed

Special protective actions for fire-fighters: For fires beyond the initial stage, emergency responders in the immediate hazard area should wear protective clothing. When the potential chemical hazard is unknown, in enclosed or confined spaces, a self contained breathing apparatus should be worn. In addition, wear other appropriate protective equipment as conditions warrant (see Section 8). Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Cool equipment exposed to fire with water, if it can be done safely. Avoid spreading burning liquid with water used for cooling purposes.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: This material may burn, but will not ignite readily. Keep all sources of ignition away from spill/release. Stay upwind and away from spill/release. Avoid direct contact with material. For large spillages, notify persons down wind of the spill/release, isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Wear appropriate protective equipment, including respiratory protection, as conditions warrant (see Section 8). See Sections 2 and 7 for additional information on hazards and precautionary measures.

Environmental Precautions: Stop and contain spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems, and natural waterways. Use water sparingly to minimize environmental contamination and reduce disposal requirements. If spill occurs on water notify appropriate authorities and advise shipping of any hazard. Spills into or upon navigable waters, the contiguous zone, or adjoining shorelines that cause a sheen or discoloration on the surface of the water, may require notification of the National Response Center (phone number 800-424-8802).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. Immediate cleanup of any spill is recommended. Dike far ahead of spill for later recovery or disposal. Absorb spill with inert material such as sand or vermiculite, and place in suitable container for disposal. If spilled on water remove with appropriate methods (e.g. skimming, booms or absorbents). In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil for remediation or disposal, in accordance with local regulations.

Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however local conditions and regulations may influence or limit the choice of appropriate actions to be taken. See Section 13 for information on appropriate disposal.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling: Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use good personal hygiene practices and wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Spills will produce very slippery surfaces. Do not enter confined spaces such as tanks or pits without following proper entry procedures such as ASTM D-4276 and 29CFR 1910.146. Do not wear contaminated clothing or shoes.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Use and store this material in cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from heat and all sources of ignition. Store only in approved containers. Keep away from any incompatible material (see Section 10). Protect container(s) against physical damage.

"Empty" containers retain residue and may be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. "Empty" drums should be completely drained, properly bunged, and promptly shipped to the supplier or a drum reconditioner.

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Occupational exposure limits

Substance	ACHGIH
Distilliates, petroleum, hydrotreated, heavy paraffinic	TWA-8hr: 5 mg/m3
	STEL: 10 mg/mg3
	as Oil Mist, if Generated

State, local or other agencies or advisory groups may have established more stringent limits. Consult an industrial hygienist orsimilar professional, or your local agencies, for further information.

Biologicai occupational exposure limits

None

Engineering controls: General ventilation should be adequate for normal conditions of intended use. Additional engineering controls may be necessary if working with the product in enclosed areas and/or at elevated temperatures.

Eye/Face Protection: The use of eye protection that meets or exceeds ANSI Z.87.1 is recommended to protect against potential eye contact, irritation, or injury. Depending on conditions of use, a face shield may be necessary.

Skin/Hand Protection: The use of gloves impervious to the specific material handled is advised to prevent skin contact. Users should check with manufacturers to confirm the breakthrough performance of their products. Suggested protective materials: Nitrile rubber

Respiratory Protection: Respiratory protection is not normally required under intended conditions of use. Emergencies or conditions that could result in significant airborne exposures may require the use of NIOSH approved respiratory protection. An industrial hygienist or other appropriate health and safety professional should be consulted for specific guidance under these situations.

A respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

Suggestions provided in this section for exposure control and specific types of protective equipment are based on readily available information. Users should consult with the specific manufacturer to confirm the performance of their protective equipment. Specific situations may require consultation with industrial hygiene, safety, or engineering professionals.

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Note: Unless otherwise stated, values are determined at 20°C (68°F) and 760 mm Hg (1 atm). Data represent typical values and are not intended to be specifications.

Appearance: Amber, Transparent

Physical form of product:LiquidOdor:PetroleumOdor Threshold:No data

pH: Not applicable

Melting/freezing point:

No data
Initial boiling point and boiling range:

No data

Flash point: > 374 °F /> 190 °C; (ASTM D93)

Method: Pensky-Martens Closed Cup (PMCC)ASTM D93, EPA1010

Evaporation Rate(nBuAc=1): No data

Flammability: Not applicable

Upper Explosive Limits (vol % in air):No dataLower Explosive Limits (vol % in air):No dataVapor pressure:<1 mm Hg</th>Vapor density:>1 (air=1)

Relative density: 0.87-0.88 (water=1)

Solubility(ies):

Partition coefficient n-octonal/water (log Kow):

Autoignition temperature:

No data

Decomposition temperature:

No data

Viscosity: 12.0 - 15.3 cSt @ 100°C; 80 - 120 cSt @ -40 °C

Molecular weight: No data

Other Information

Particle Size: No Data

Pour Point: $< -40 \,^{\circ}\text{F} / < -40 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

Percent Volatile: Negligible

Bulk Density: 7.26 - 7.29 lbs/gal

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: Not chemically reactive

Chemical stability: Stable under normal ambient and anticipated conditions of use.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous reactions not anticipated.

Conditions to Avoid: Extended exposure to high temperatures can cause decomposition. Avoid all possible sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials: Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and strong reducing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Not anticipated under normal conditions of use.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Information on Toxicological Effects

Substance/Mixture

Acute Toxicity	Hazard	Additional Information	LC50/LD50 Data
Inhalation	Unlikely to be harmful		>5 mg/L (mist, estimated)
Dermal	Unlikely to be harmful		>2 g/kg (estimated)
Oral	Unlikely to be harmful		>5 g/kg (estimated)

Likely Routes of Exposure: Inhalation, eye contact, skin contact **Aspiration Hazard:** Not expected to be an aspiration hazard

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes mild skin irritation. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes mild eye irritation.

Skin Sensitization: No information available on the mixture, however none of the components have been classified for skin sensitization (or are below the concentration threshold for classification).

Respiratory Sensitization: No information available.

Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure: No information available on the mixture, however none of the components have been classified for target organ toxicity (or are below the concentration threshold for classification).

Specific target organ toxicity - Repeated exposure: No information available on the mixture, however none of the components have been classified for target organ toxicity (or are below the concentration threshold for classification).

Carcinogenicity: No information available on the mixture, however none of the components have been classified for carcinogenicity (or are below the concentration threshold for classification).

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No information available on the mixture, however none of the components have been classified for germ cell mutagenicity (or are below the concentration threshold for classification).

Reproductive Toxicity: No information available on the mixture, however none of the components have been classified for reproductive toxicity (or are below the concentration threshold for classification).

Information on Toxicological Effects of Components

Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Additional Information (Carcinogenicity): This oil has been highly refined by a variety of processes to reducearomaticsand improve performance characteristics. It meets the IP-346 criteria of less than 3 percent PAH's and is not considered acarcinogen by the International Agency for Research on Cancer.

Section 12. Ecological Information

GHS Classification: No classified hazards

Toxicity: All acute aquatic toxicity studies on samples of lubricant base oils show acute toxicity values greater than 100mg/Lforinvertebrates, algae and fish. These tests were carried out on water accommodated fractions and the results are consistent withthe predicted aquatic toxicity of these substances based on their hydrocarbon compositions.

Persistence and Degradability: The hydrocarbons in this material are not readily biodegradable, but since they canbedegradedby microorganisms, they are regarded as inherently biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative Potential: Log Kow values measured for the hydrocarbon components of this material are greater than 5.3, and therefore regarded as having the potential to bioaccumulate. In practice, metabolic processes may reduce bioconcentration.

Mobility in Soil: Volatilization to air is not expected to be a significant fate process due to the low vapor pressure of thismaterial.In water, base oils will float and spread over the surface at a rate dependent upon viscosity. There will be significant removal of hydrocarbons from the water by sediment adsorption. In soil and sediment, hydrocarbon components will show low mobility with adsorption to sediments being the predominant physical process. The main fate process is expected to be slowbiodegradationofthe hydrocarbon constituents in soil and sediment.

Other adverse effects: None anticipated.

Section 13. Disposable Considerations

The generator of a waste is always responsible for making proper hazardous waste determinations and needs to consider state and local requirements in addition to federal regulations. This material, if discarded as produced, would not be a federally regulated RCRA "listed" hazardous waste and is not believed to exhibit characteristics of hazardous waste. See Sections 7 and 8 for information on handling, storage and personal protection and Section 9 for physical/chemical properties. It is possible that the material as produced contains constituents which are not required to be listed in the SDS but could affect the hazardous waste determination. Additionally, use which results in chemical or physical change of this material could subject it to regulation as a hazardous waste. This material under most intended uses would become "Used Oil" due to contamination by physical or chemical impurities. Whenever possible, Recycle used oil in accordance with applicable federal and state or local regulations. Container contents should be completely used and containers should be emptied prior to discard.

Section 14. Transport Information

UN Number: Not regulated.

UN Proper Shipping Name: None.

Transport Hazard Class(es): None.

Packing Group: None.

Environmental Hazard(s): is product does not meet the DOT/UN/IMDG/IMO criteria of a marine polluta

Special precautions for users: If shipped by land in a packaging having a capacity of 3,500 gallons or more, the

provisions of 49CFR, Part 130 apply. (Contains oil)

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Coc Not applicable.

Section 15. Regulatory Information

CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances and TPQs (in pounds)

This material does not contain any chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 302 and 40 CFR 372.

CERCLA/SARA - Section 311/312 (Title III Hazard Categories)

Should this product meet EPCRA 311/312 Tier reporting criteria at 40 CFR 370, refer to Section 2 of this SDS for appropriate classifications.

CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 and 40 CFR 372

This material does not contain any chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 313 and 40 CFR 372.

Substance	Concentration*	de minimis
Zinc Compound	1-2.49	1.00%

EPA (CERCLA) Reportable Quantity (in pounds)

This material does not contain any chemicals with CERCLA Reportable Quantities.

California Proposition 65

This material does not contain any chemicals which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm at concentrations that trigger the warning requirements of California Proposition 65.

International Inventories

TSCA (United States): All ingredients are on the inventory or exempt from listing. All components are either on the DSL, or are exempt from DSL listing requirements.

Section 16. Other Information

Guide to Abbreviations:

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; CASRN = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number; CEILING = Ceiling Limit (15 minutes); CERCLA = The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; GHS = Globally Harmonized System; HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; INSHT = National Institute for Health and Safety at Work; IOPC = International Oil Pollution Compensation; LEL = Lower Explosive Limit; NE = Not Established; NFPA = National Fire Protection Association; NTP = National Toxicology Program; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PEL = Permissible Exposure Limit (OSHA); SARA = Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; STEL = Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes); TLV = Threshold Limit Value (ACGIH); TWA = Time Weighted Average (8 hours); UEL = Upper Explosive Limit; WHMIS = Worker Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada)

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